### ADVANCED TECHNIQUES OF FOOD ANALYSIS

Sem	Subject	Category	Lecture		Theory		Practical	Credits
	Code							
IV	19CPFN4B	Core paper XI	Hrs/sem	Hrs/Per week	Hrs/sem	Hrs/Per week		4
			120	8	120	8		

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES**

The students will be able to

- 1. To learn the basic principles of gravimetric, colorimetric, titrimetric, chromatographic and spectrometric analyses applied in the analysis of foods
- 2. To acquire laboratory skills required for performing a range of chemical and physicochemical analyses of food components
- 3. To understand the methods used to assess the accuracy and precision of the analytical techniques performed in lab

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On the successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO	CO Statement	Knowledge Level	
Number		(K1 - K4)	
CO1	To develop and understanding about the advanced analytical and instrumental techniques.	K1-K2	
CO2	To understanding the processing of enzymes	K1-K2	
CO3	To learn about the flavouring technology	K1-K2	
CO4	Understanding the technology of food emulsions.	K1-K2	
CO5	To describe bio-chemical analysis of food components	K1-K4	

Knowledge level: K1 – Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Apply, K4 – Analyse.

#### **MAPPING WITH PO**

COS	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	S	S	S	M	M
CO2	S	S	S	M	M
CO3	S	S	S	M	M
CO4	M	M	M	M	M
CO5	M	S	M	S	S

S - Strong, M - Medium, L - Low

UNIT-I 24 Hours

#### **SPECTROSCOPY:**

a) UV-Visible spectroscopy, Atomic absorption spectroscopy, Flame photometry, Fluorescence spectroscopy, Emission spectroscopy, Mass-spectroscopy, Fourier Transform Infra-Red.

**b) Gas liquid chromatography**: principle; different types of detectors and its applications: discharge ionization detector (DID), electron capture detector (ECD), flame photometric detector (FPD), Hall electrolytic conductivity detector (ElCD), helium ionization detector (HID), Nitrogen phosphorous detector (NPD), mass selective detector (MSD), photoionization detector (PID), pulsed discharge ionization detector (PDD), thermal energy analyzer (TEA); various applications of GLC.

UNIT-II 24 Hours

#### ENZYMES IN THE PROCESSING OF FATS AND OILS

- a) Specificity, stability and application of lipases and related enzymes Role of enzymes in hydrolysis of triglycerides, interesterification and randomization.
- b) **Starch degrading enzymes**: sources, analysis and application of starch degrading enzymes Hemicellulase: sources, analysis and application.

UNIT-III 24 Hours

#### FLAVOUR TECHNOLOGY

- a) Principle types of flavorings used in foods, natural flavoring substances, Flavour constituents from Onion, garlic, cheese, milk, meat, vegetables, fruits; Flavour constituents of wine, coffee, tea, chocolate, spices and condiments
- b) Methods of flavour extraction, isolation, separation; Distillation, solvent extraction, enzymatic extraction, static headspace, dynamic headspace etc. Principles and techniques of flavour encapsulation, types of encapsulation; Factors affecting stabilization of encapsulated flavour and their applications in food industry.

UNIT-IV 24 Hours

#### TECHNOLOGY OF FOOD EMULSIONS, FOAMS AND GELS:

a) **Food emulsions**- conventional and nano emulsions; emulsifiers and their functions in foods; HLB concept in food emulsifiers; Emulsion formation and

stability; Examples of emulsions in food- mayonnaise, sauce, beverages Polymers and surfactants.

b) **Structure of foods representing emulsions, foams and gels**: Physical structure of fat rich, concentrated, fermented, coagulated and dried products. Techniques for evaluation of structure for food emulsions, foams and gels.

#### UNIT-V 24 HRS

- a) Microbial techniques in food analysis: Infectious and toxigenic agents of food borne diseases: detection, identification and control methods. Antibiotic resistant strains; methods of detection-conventional, modern, rapid methods, genetic approaches.
- **b) Scanning Electron Microscopy** principles and applications, study of the structure of a variety of food gels.

**Distribution of Marks:** Theory -25 (IA) +75 (univ. exam) = 100 Marks

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

S.No.	AUTHORS	TITLE	PUBLISHERS	YEAR OF
				<b>PUBLICATION</b>
1.	Francis Rouessac	Chemical Analysis:	John Wiley &	2007
	and Annick	Modern Instrumentation	Sons Ltd	
	Rouessac	Methods and Technique		
2.	C. Moir	Spoilage of Processed	AIFST Inc.	2001
		Foods: Causes and	(NSW Branch)	
		Diagnosis	Food	
			Microbiology	
			Group, Sydney	
3.	C. Blackburn	Food Spoilage	CRC Press	2006
		Microorganisms		
4.	D. Tagu and C.	Techniques of	Science	2006
	Moussard	Molecular Biology	Publishers	
5.	Lawrence Jack	Introduction to	Prentice-Hall,	1966
	Bradshaw	Molecular Biological		
		Techniques		

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

S.No.	AUTHORS	TITLE	PUBLISHERS	YEAR OF
				<b>PUBLICATION</b>
1.	B. Welz	Atomic Absorption	Wiley-VCH,	1998
		Spectrometry, Third	Weinheim,	
		Edition	Germany	
2.	.Eugene F. Barry;	Modern practice of gas	New York:	2004
	Grob, Robert Lee	chromatography	Wiley-	
			Interscience	
3.	Wilfried M.A.	Liquid Chromatography-	Boca Raton:	2006
	Niessen, Wilfried	Mass Spectrometry,	CRC	
	M. Niessen	Third Edition		
		(Chromatographic		
		Science).		
4.	M.P. Doyle and	Food Microbiology:	ASM Press.	Springer
	M. Doyle	Fundamentals and		Publishing, 2006
		Frontiers, 3rd ed		
5.	Kary B. Mullis	The Polymerase Chain	Birkhäuser	2004
		Reaction: A Textbook		

# **WEB SOURCES:**

1.http://www.gjust.ac.in/department/fdt/M.Tech%20syllabus\_110517.pdf

 $2. https://food-science.uark.edu/\_resources/pdfs/food-analysis-syllabus-spring 2016.pdf$